

Intensity measurements and fluctuations of acoustic transmissions from the R/V Sharp during SW06

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Portland, Oregon, May 2009

THINK BIG



WE DOSM



SW06 & R/V Sharp Event 44

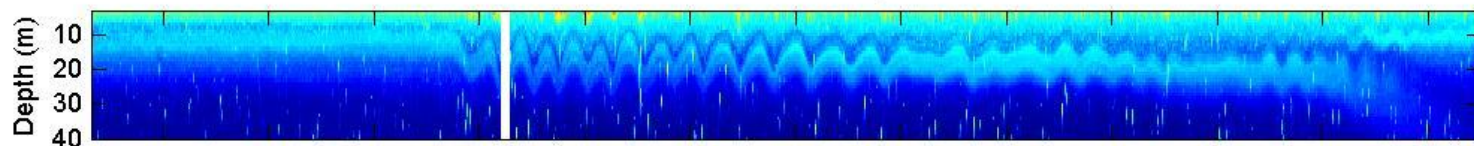
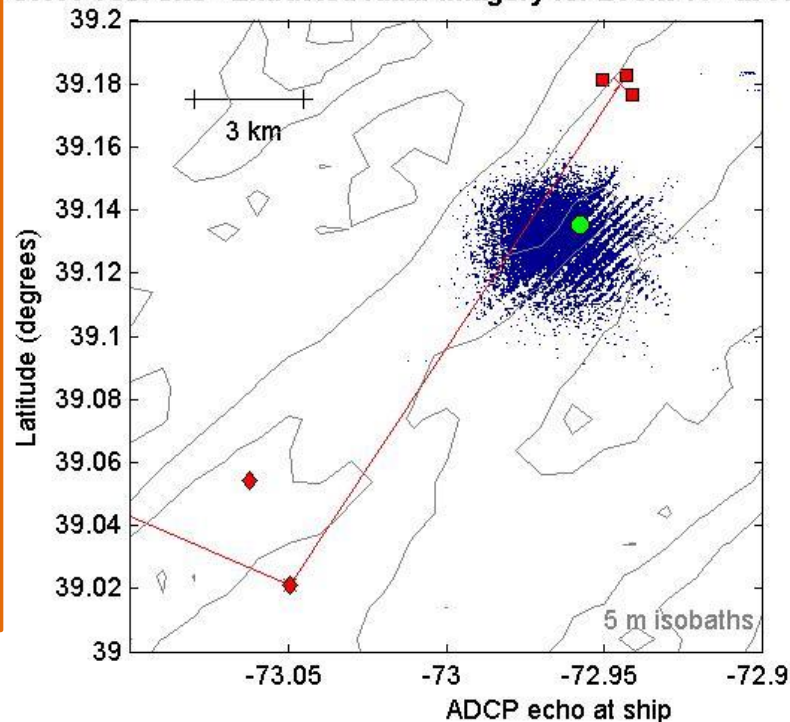
R/V Sharp & SW06:

- 180 hours of acoustic transmissions
- 50+ internal wave events witnessed

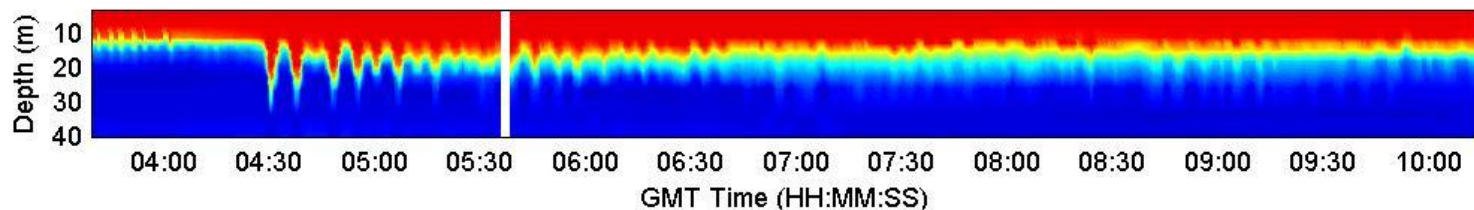
Event 44:

- Radar data determines the orientation of the wave front
- R/V Sharp ADCP shows internal wave structure
- SHARK soundspeed shows internal wave front arrives at SHARK array one hour prior to location of R/V Sharp

SW06 Test Site - Extracted radar imagery for Event 44 - at 05:37:38

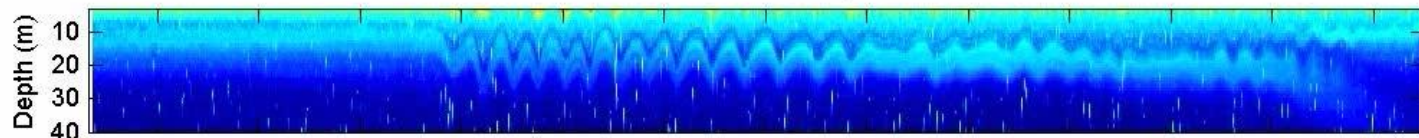
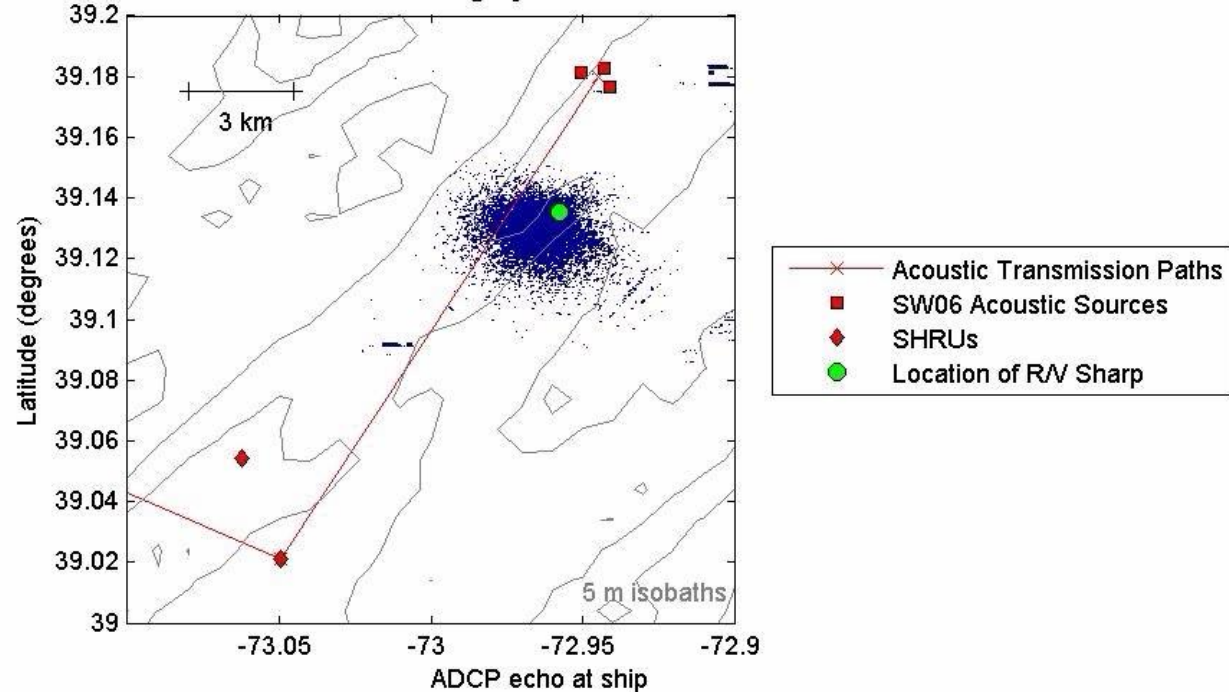


Soundspeed at SHARK

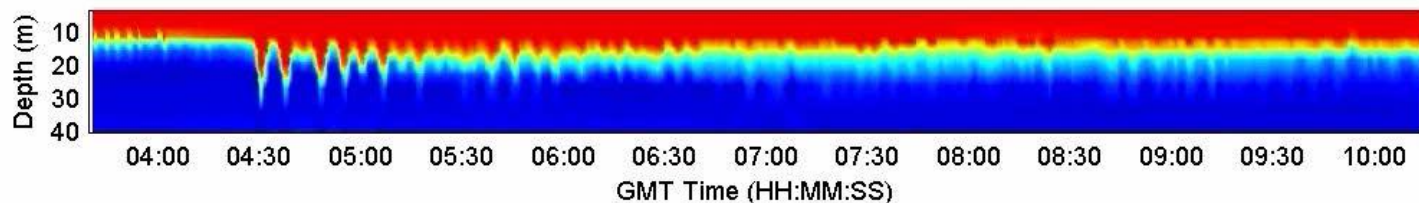


SW06 & R/V Sharp Event 44

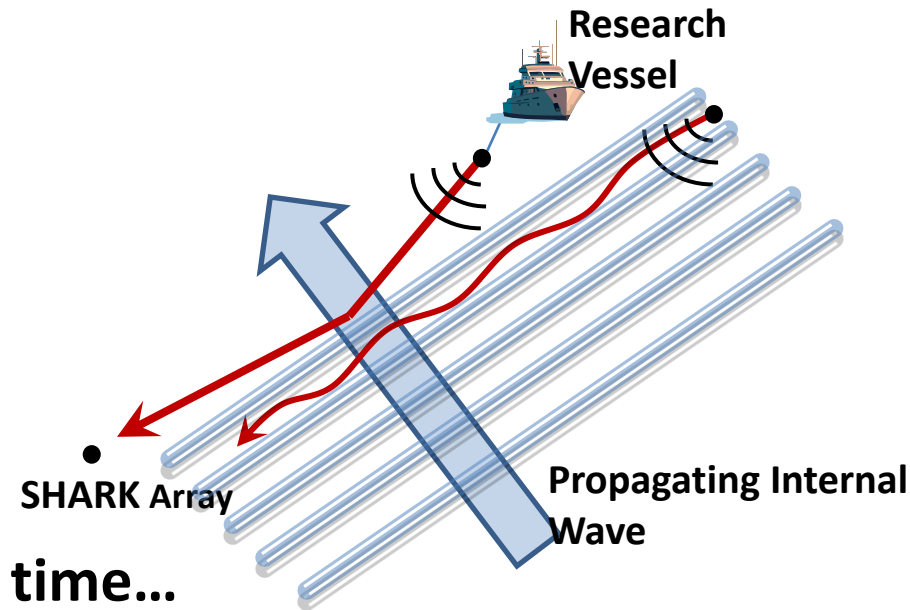
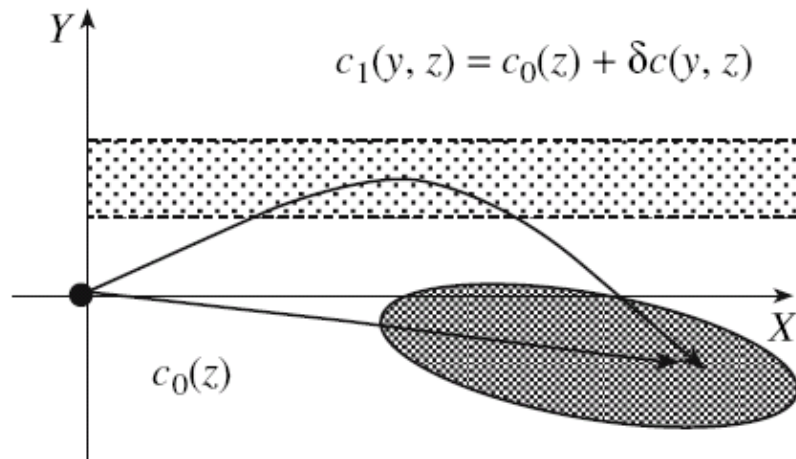
SW06 Test Site - Extracted radar imagery for Event 44 - at 03:39:26



Soundspeed at SHARK



Objectives



Examine intensity fluctuations over time...

→ before, during, and after Event 44

Examine intensity fluctuations over space...

→ depth and modal dependence

Statistically characterize intensity fluctuations...

$$I \ll N, k, t, f$$

($z = \text{Depth}$, or $N = \text{Mode Number}$)

$k = \text{Chirp arrival number}$ $t = \text{Time}$ $f = \text{Frequency}$

Intensity Measurements

Integrated Energy: $I_{z\tau}(\omega, k) = \int dz \int d\tau I(\omega, z, k)$

Temporally Integrated Energy: $I_{\tau}(\omega, k) = \int d\tau I(\omega, z, k)$

Point Observations of Broadband Intensity: $I_{\tau}(\omega, z, k)$

Observations of Point Scintillations: $SI = \frac{\langle I^2 \rangle}{\langle I \rangle^2} - 1$

Point Observations of Peak Intensity: $I_P(\omega, k) = \max_{\tau} [I(\omega, z, k)]$

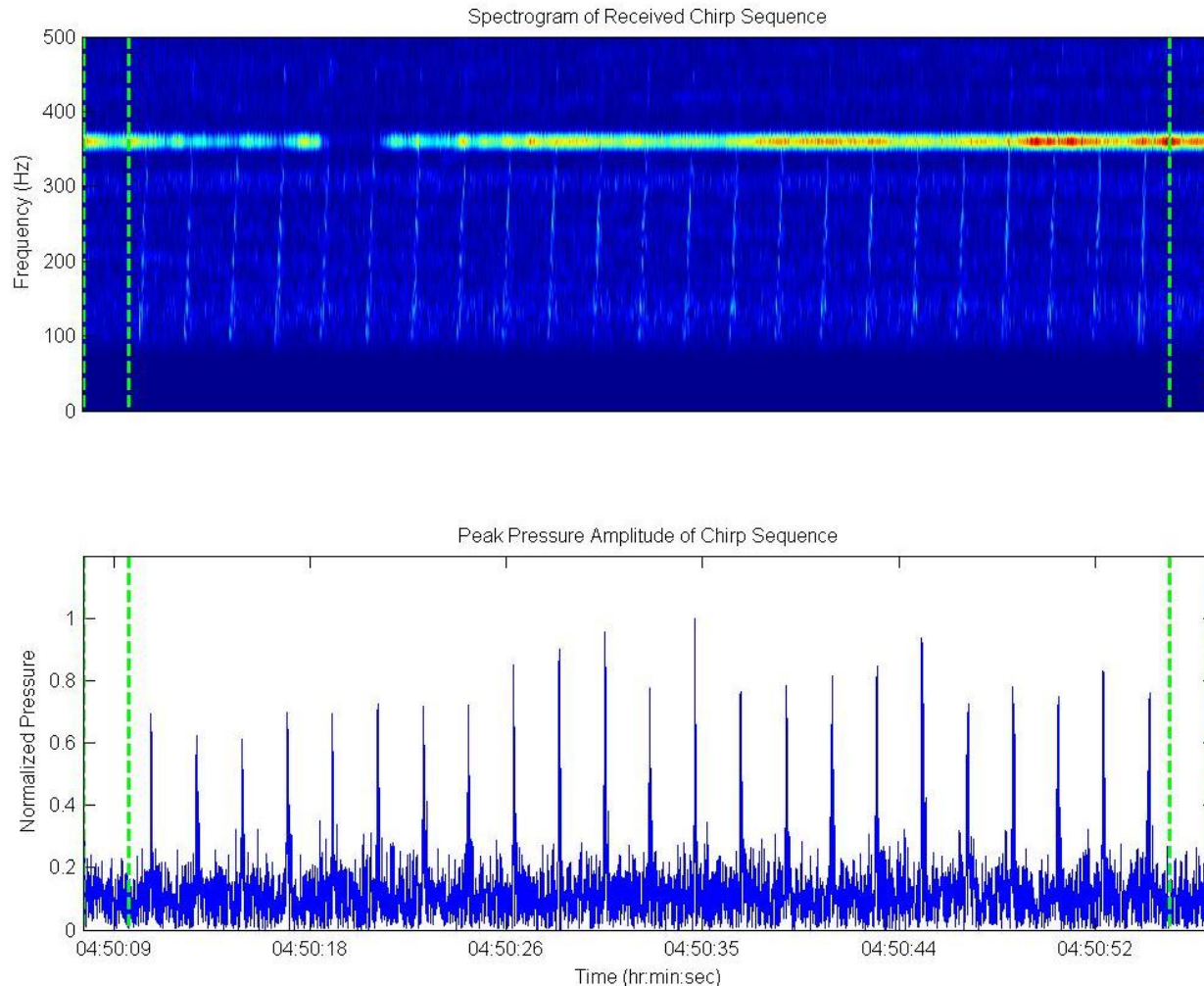
Observations of Modal Amplitudes: $I(N, k, f)$

A. Fredericks, J. A. Colosi, J. Lynch, C. Chiu, and P. Abbot, "Analysis of multipath scintillation from long range acoustic transmissions on the New England continental slope and shelf," J. Acoust. Soc. Am. **117**, 1038–1057 (2005)

Duda, T.F., Lynch, J.F., Newhall, A.E., Lixin Wu, Ching-Sang Chiu, "Fluctuation of 400-Hz sound intensity in the 2001 ASIAEX South China Sea experiment," Oceanic Engineering, IEEE Journal of, **29**(4), 1264 – 1279 (2004)

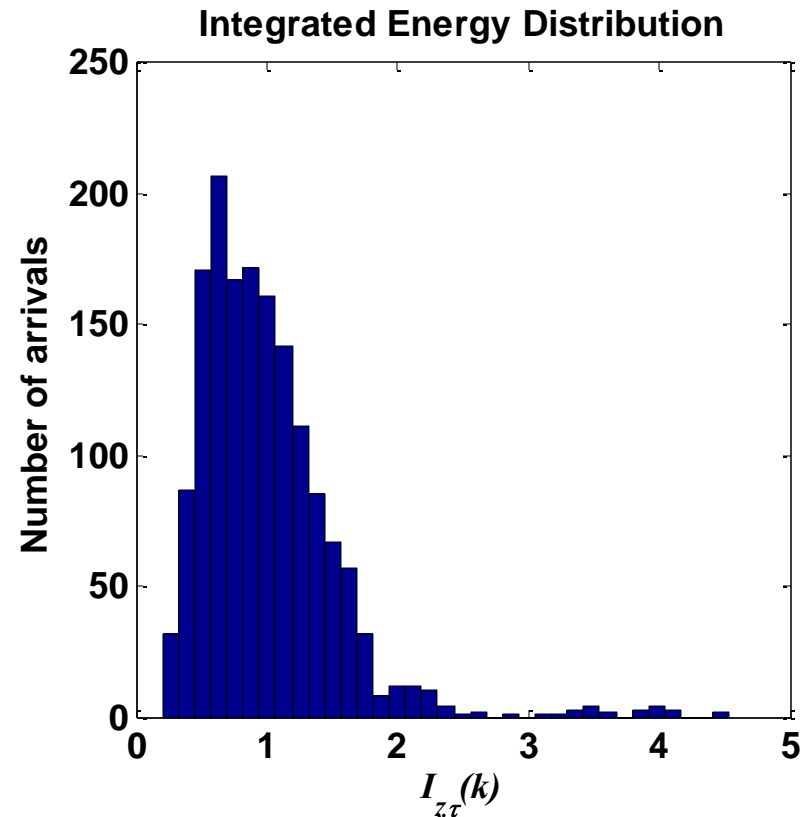
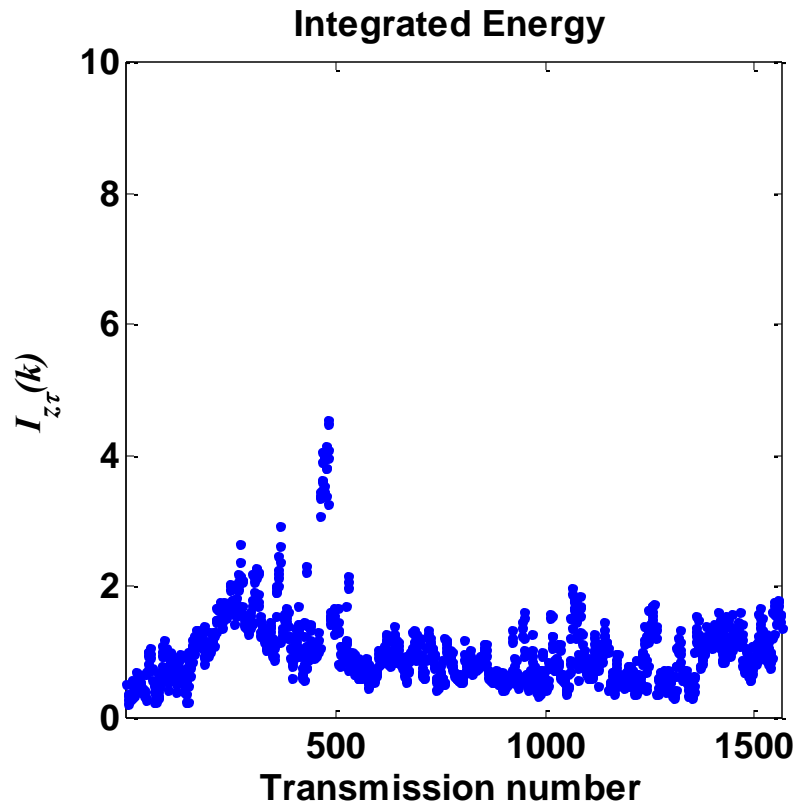
R/V Sharp Transmission Signals

Chirp arrivals are used for intensity calculations



$N \sim 1500$ chirps over 12 hours

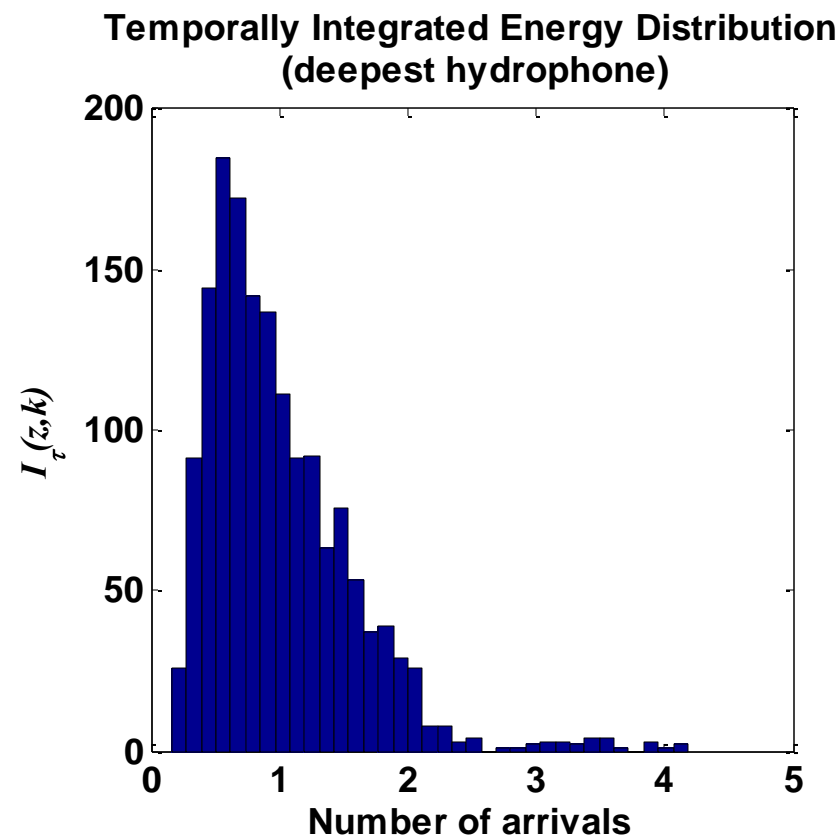
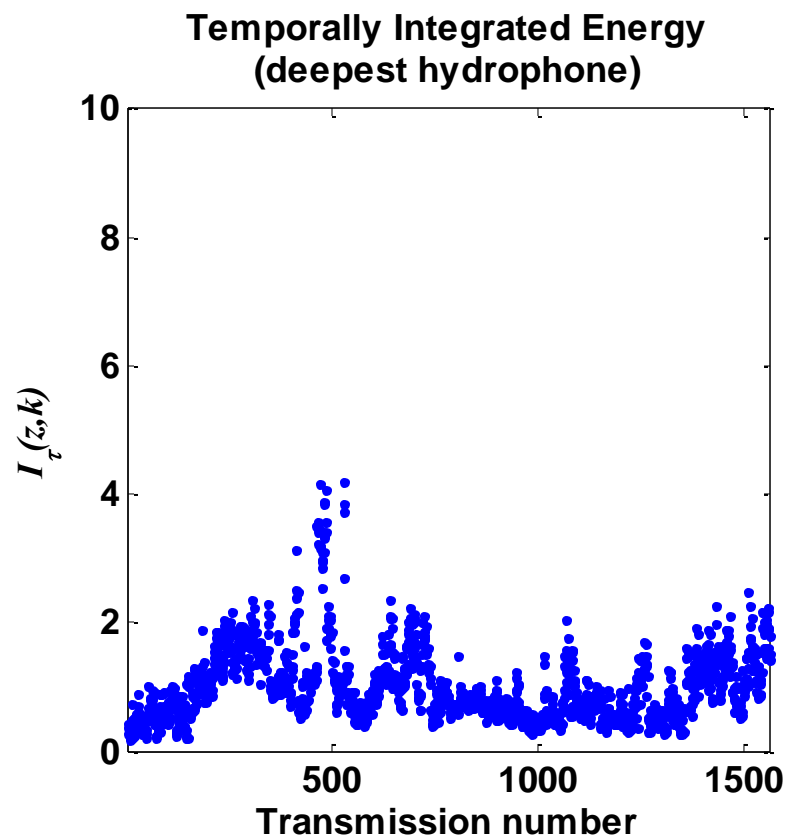
Integrated Energy



$$I_{z\tau}(k) = \int dz \int d\tau I(z, k)$$

- Total acoustic energy detected at the array, as a function of transmission number
- Intensity integrated over depth and arrival time
 - Depth is integrated over entire array
 - Time integral done over τ , the energetic region of the signal

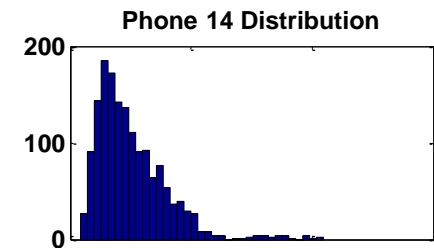
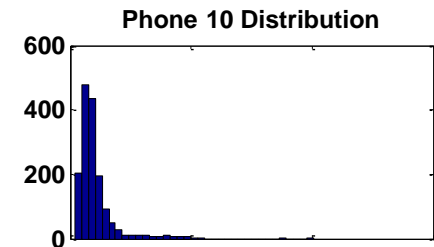
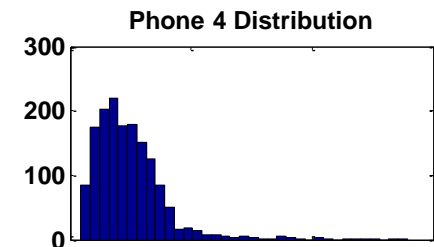
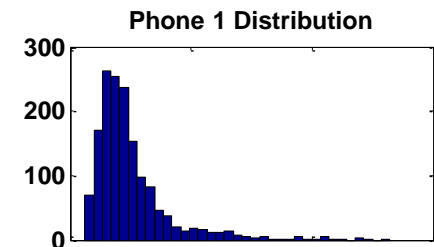
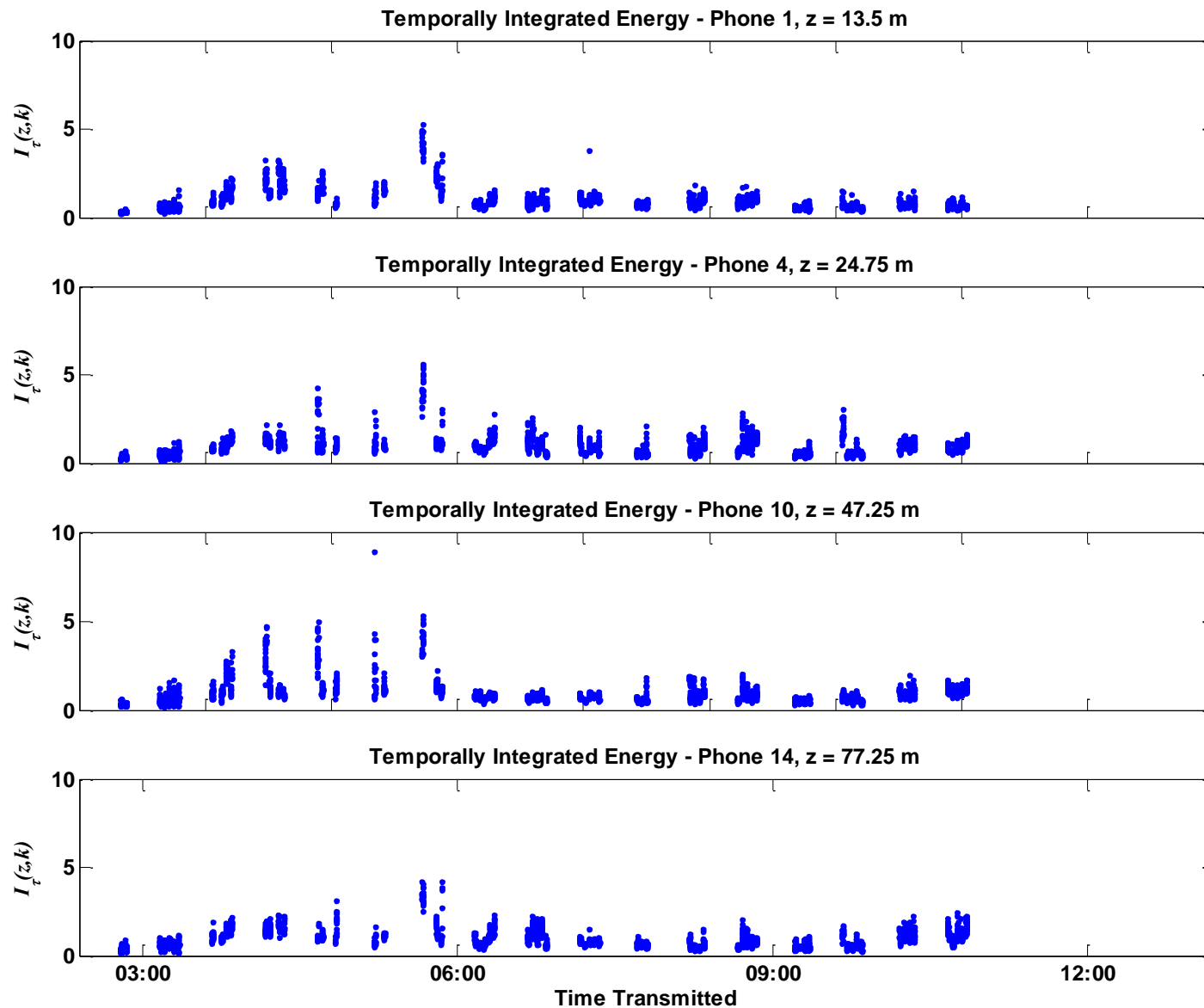
Temporally Integrated Energy



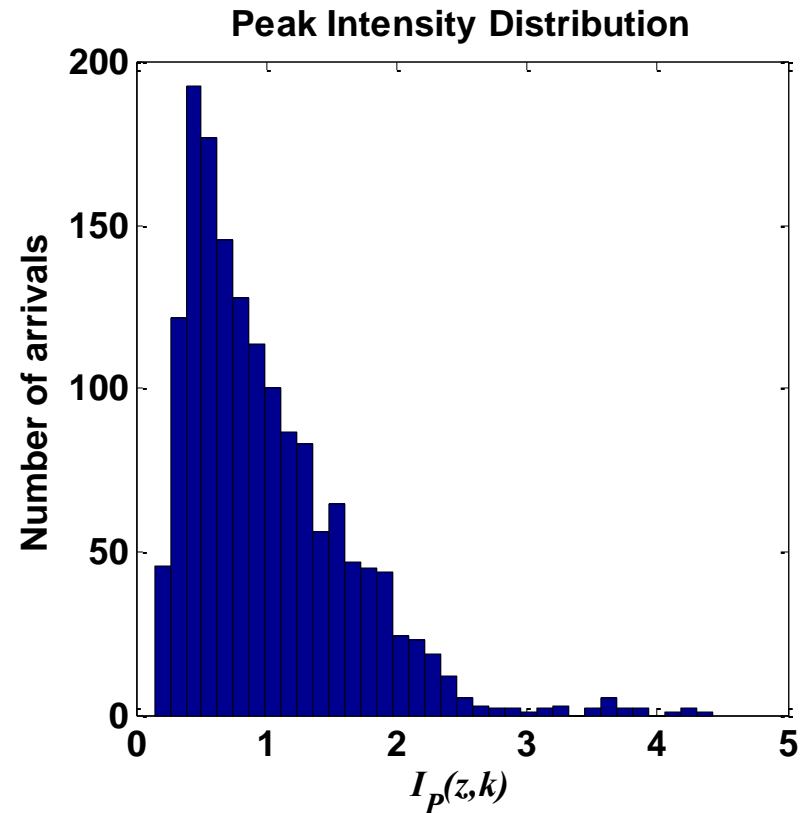
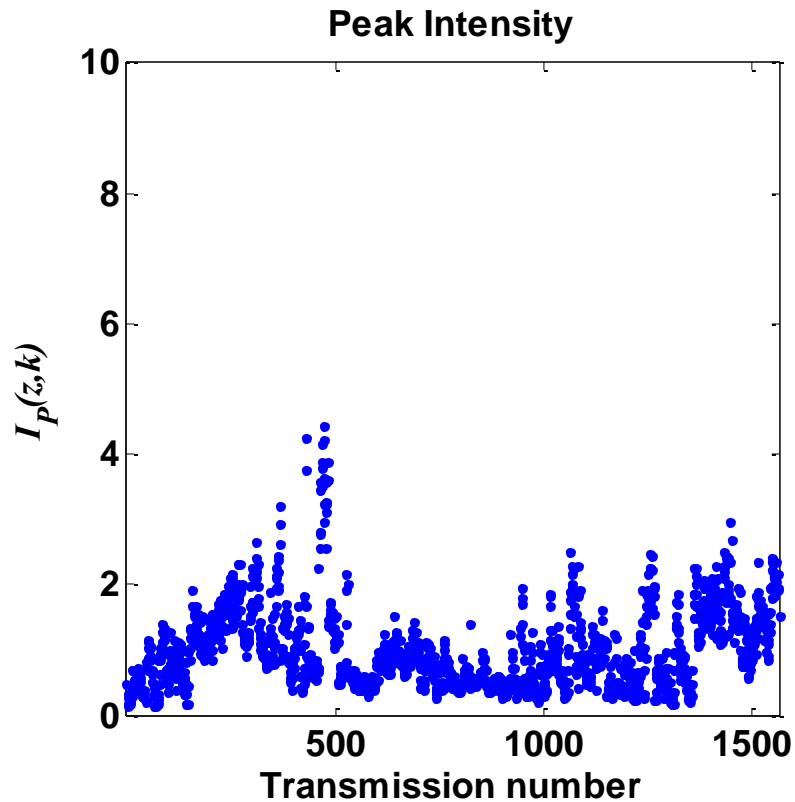
$$I_\tau(z, k) = \int d\tau I(z, k)$$

- Time integral done over τ , the energetic region of the signal
- “Energy Detector” mode of a sonar system
- Shows depth dependence not seen in Integrated Energy, $I_{z\tau}(k)$
 - Energy redistribution due to mode coupling
 - Energy redistribution due to ray scattering

Temporally Integrated Energy

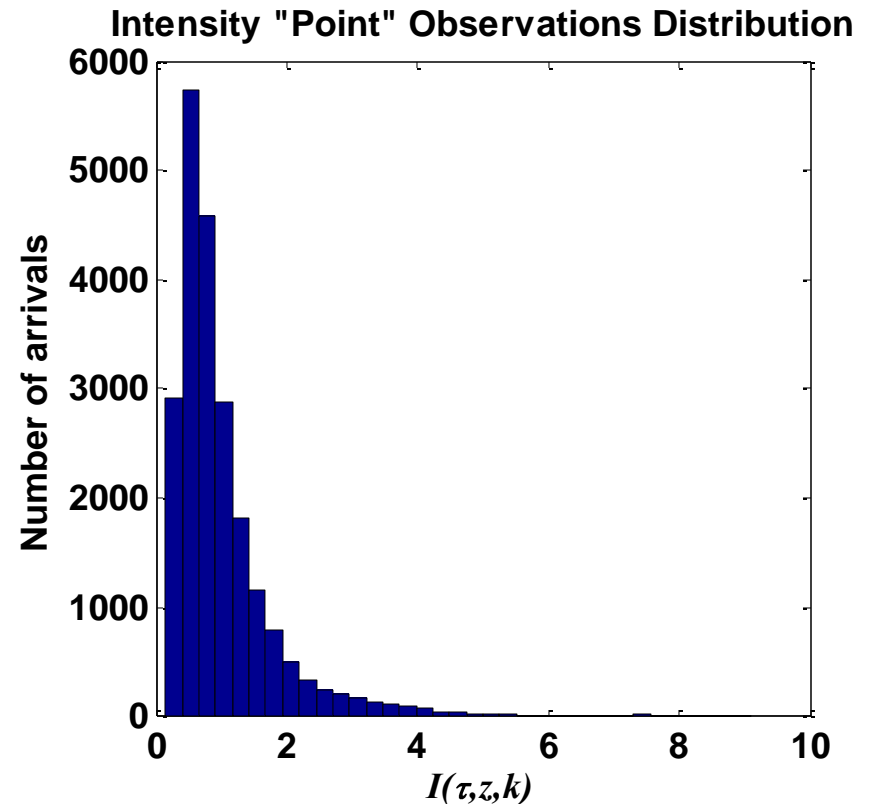
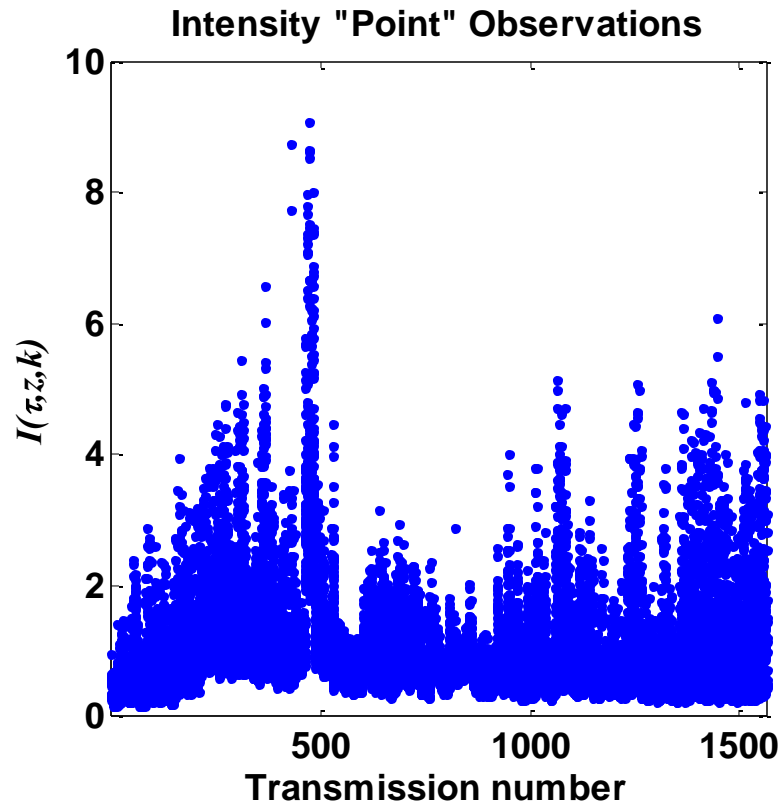


Peak Intensity



$$I_p(z, k) = \max_{\tau} [I(z, k)]$$

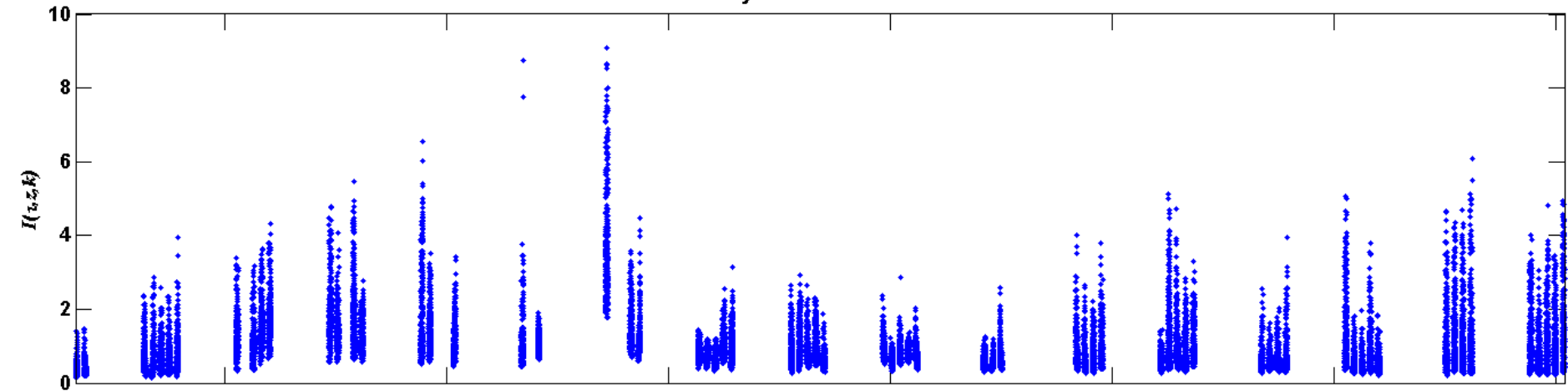
"Point" Observations



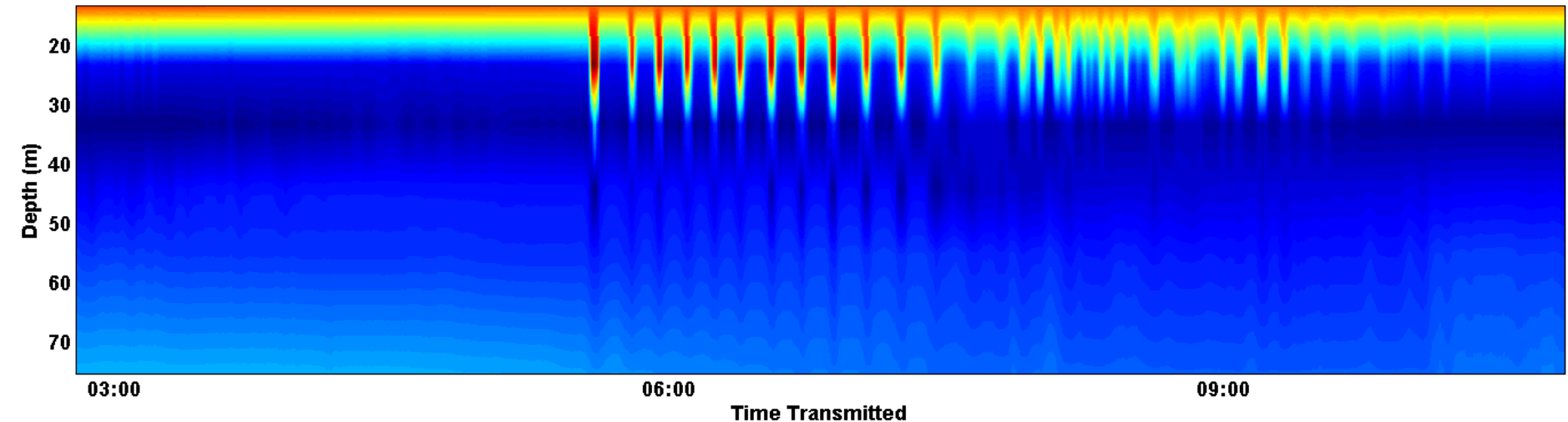
$$I_{\tau} \in [z, k]$$

“Point” Observations

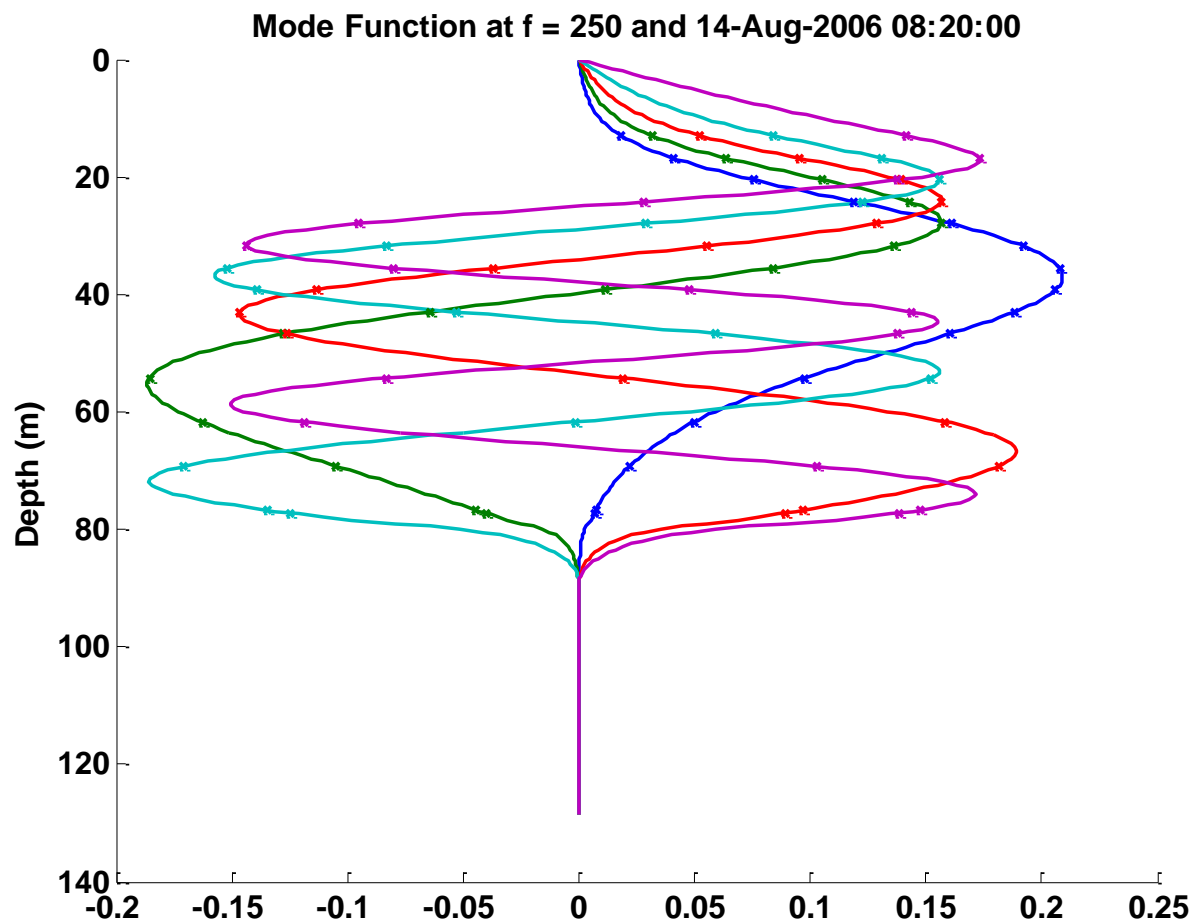
Intensity “Point” Observations



Event 44 - SW32 Soundspeed Profile Starting at 14-Aug-2006 02:47:34



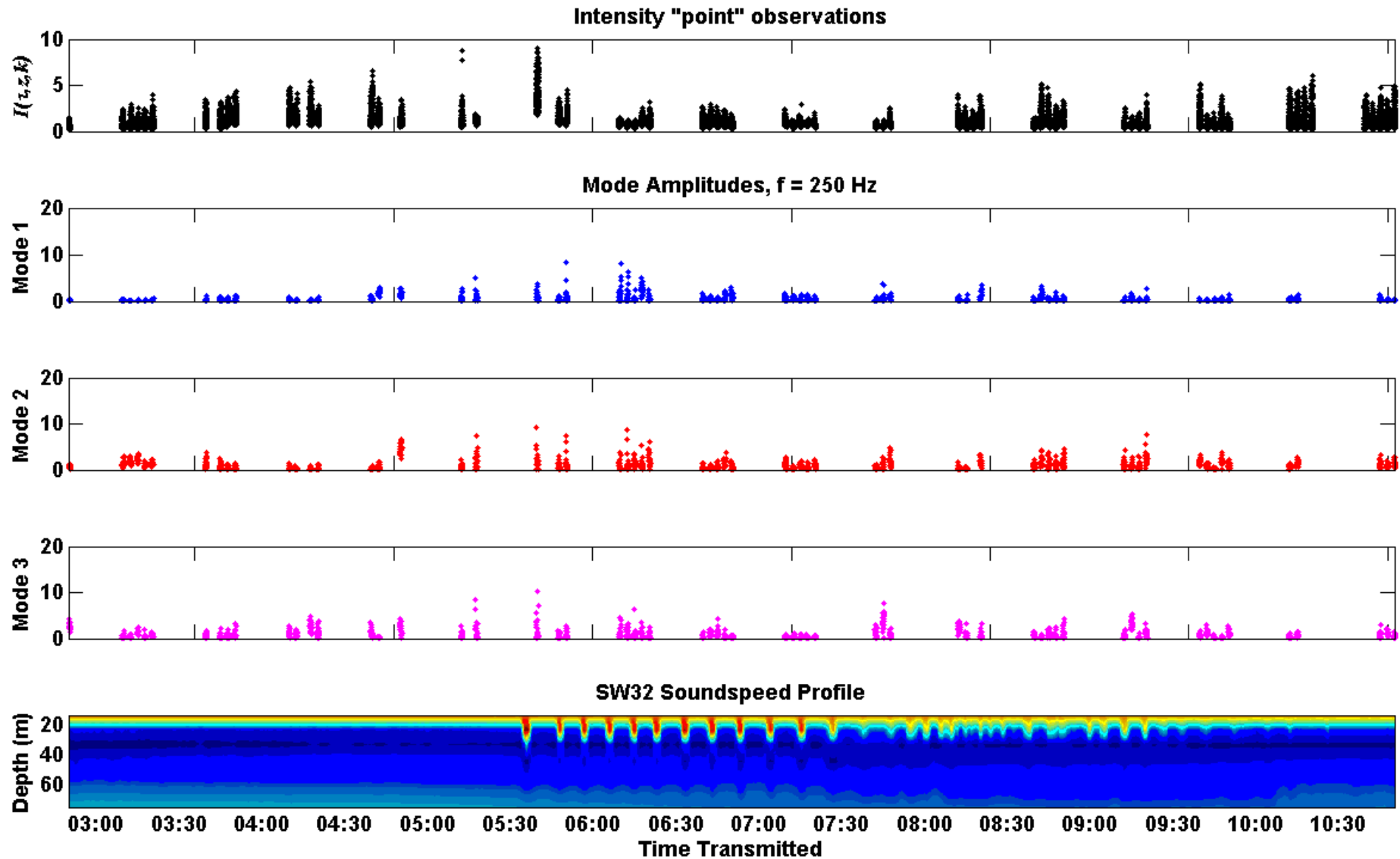
Modal fluctuations



Are there areas of enhancement due to horizontal refraction?

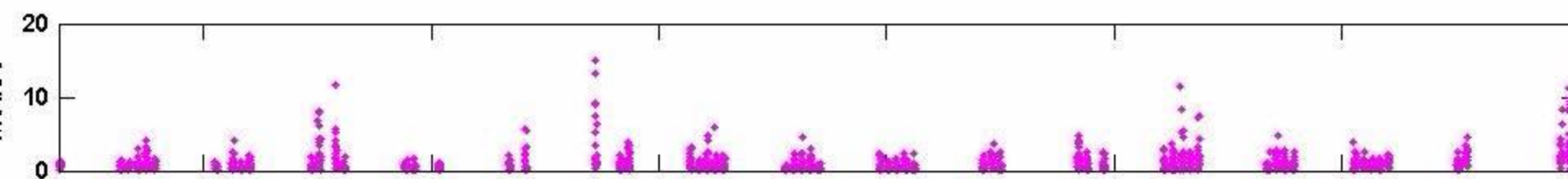
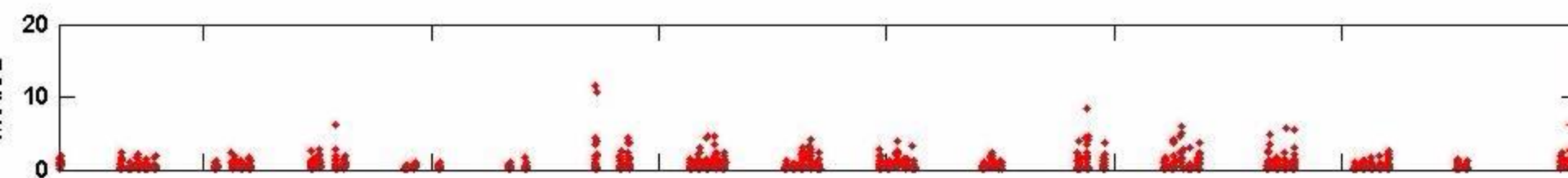
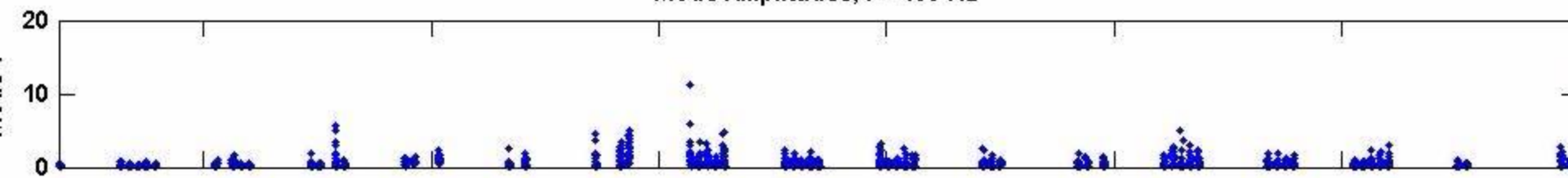
- Modal dependence
- Frequency dependence

Modal fluctuations

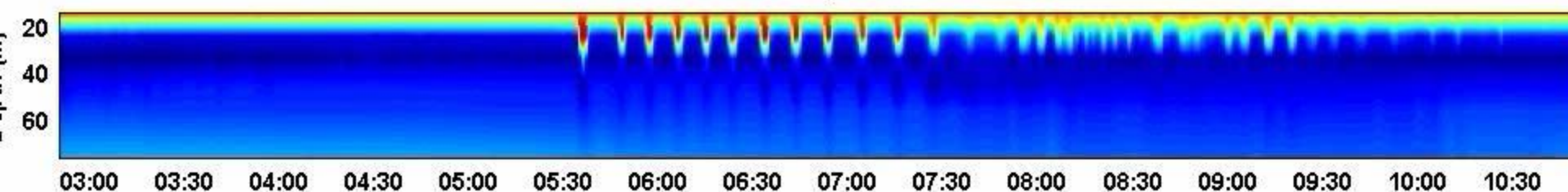




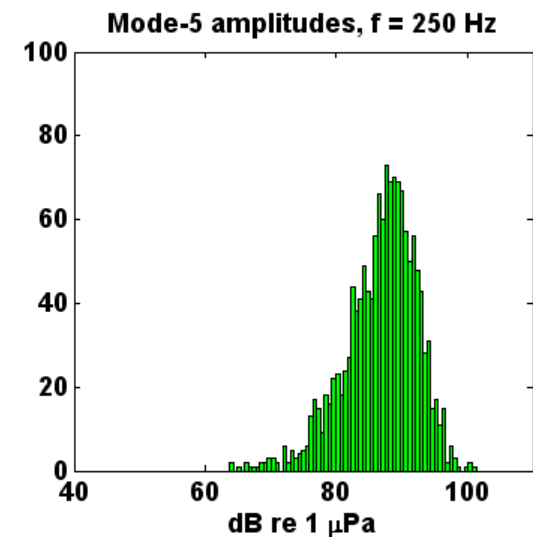
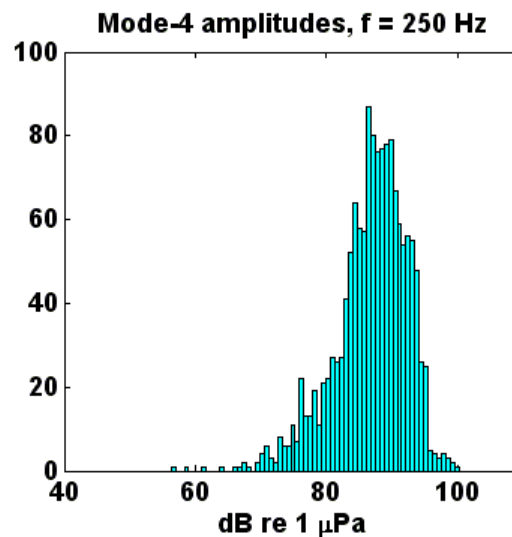
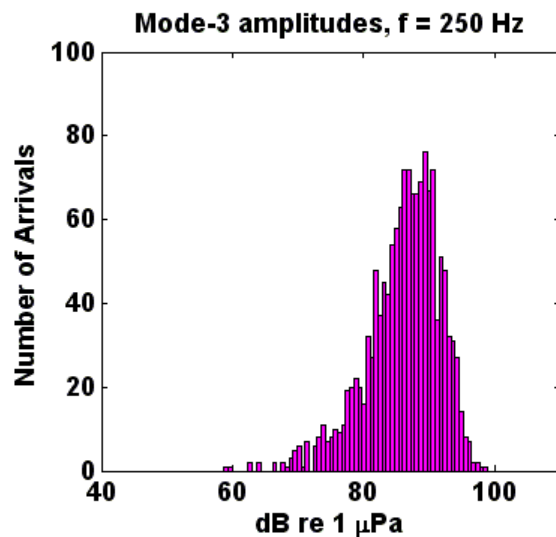
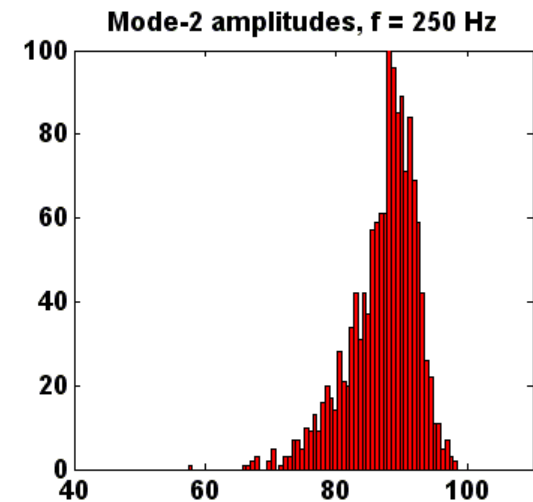
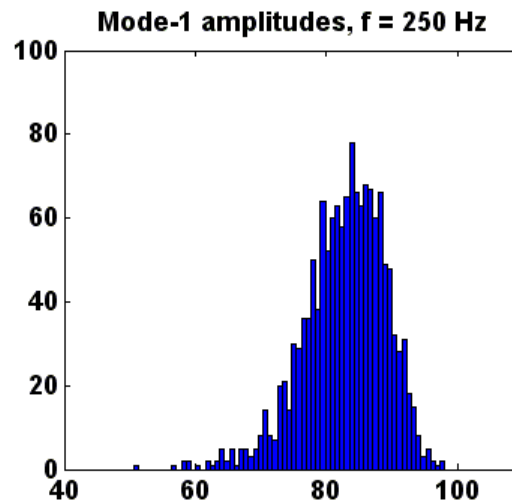
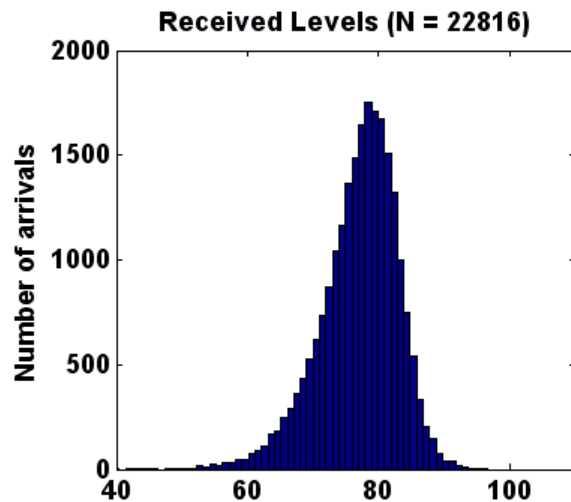
Mode Amplitudes, $f = 150$ Hz



SW32 Soundspeed Profile

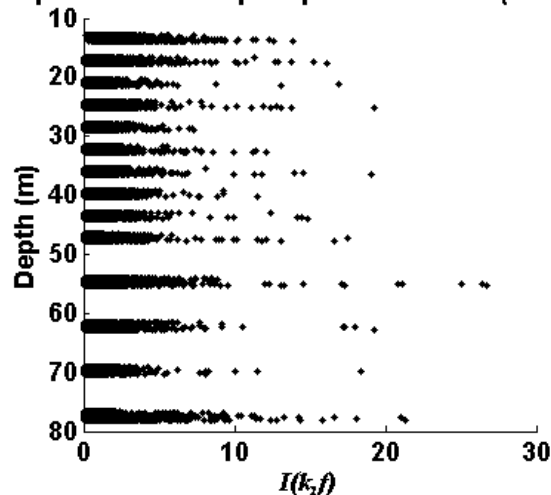


Modal fluctuations

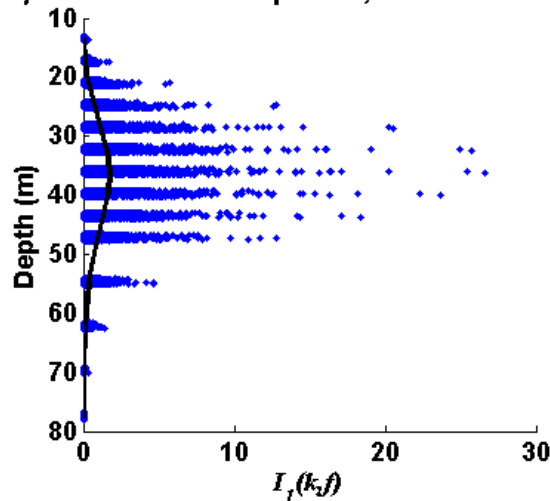


Modal fluctuations

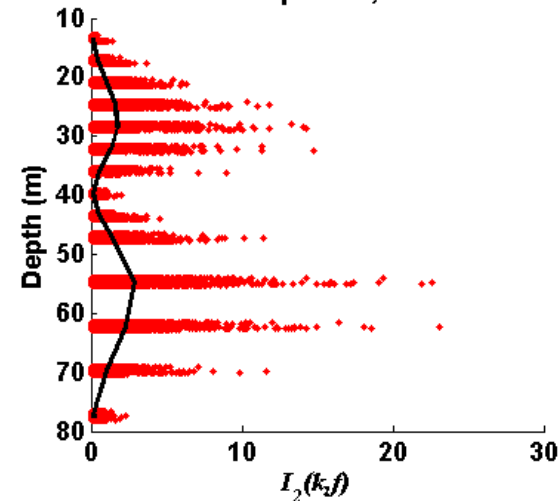
Amplitudes for chirp sequence arrivals (N = 1426)



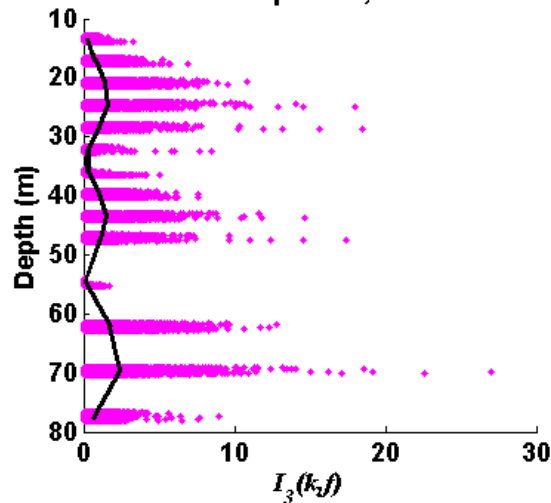
Mode-1 component, $f = 250$ Hz



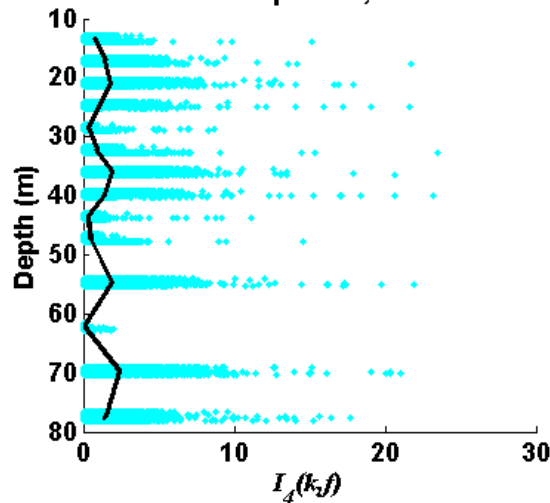
Mode-2 component, $f = 250$ Hz



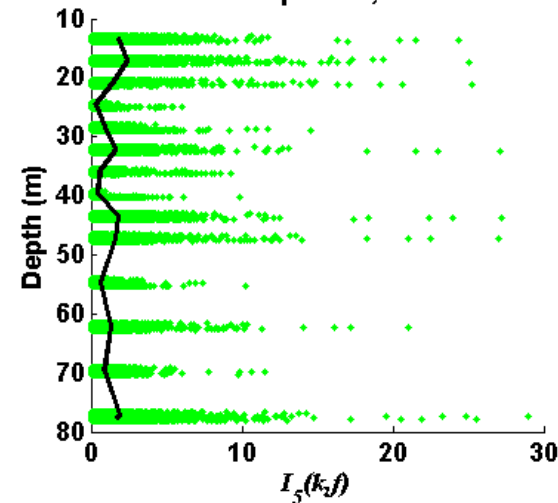
Mode-3 component, $f = 250$ Hz



Mode-4 component, $f = 250$ Hz

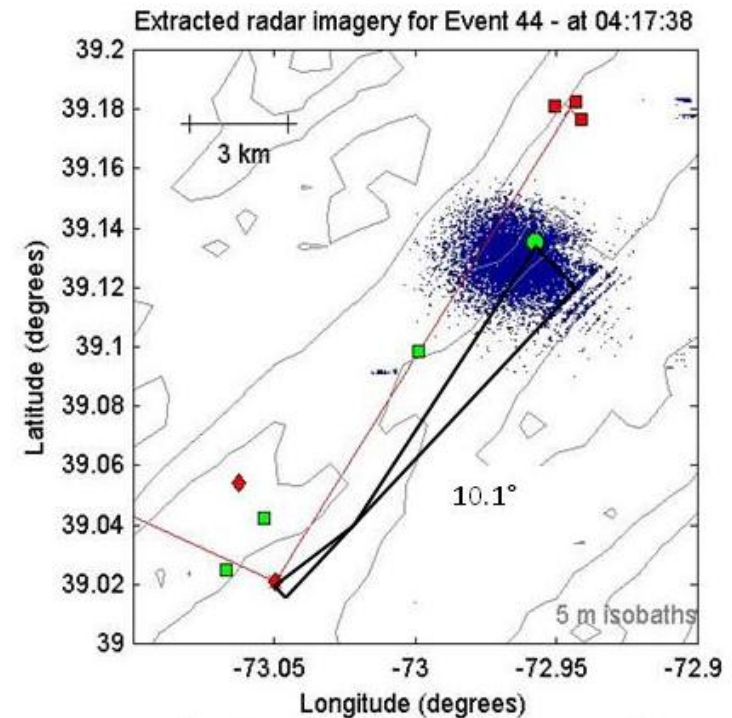
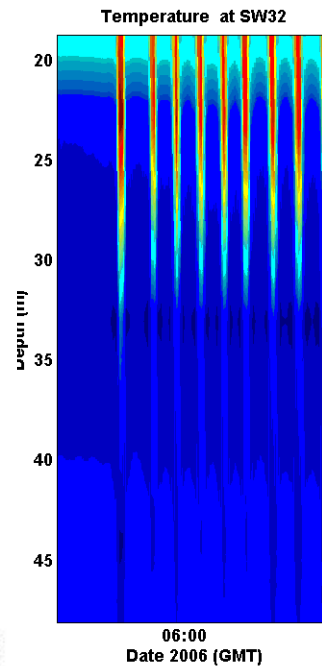
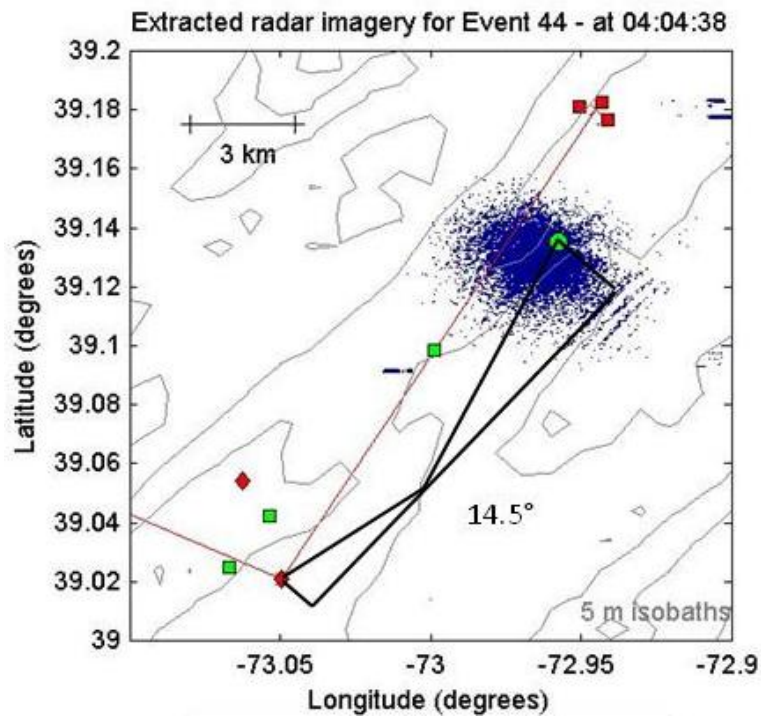
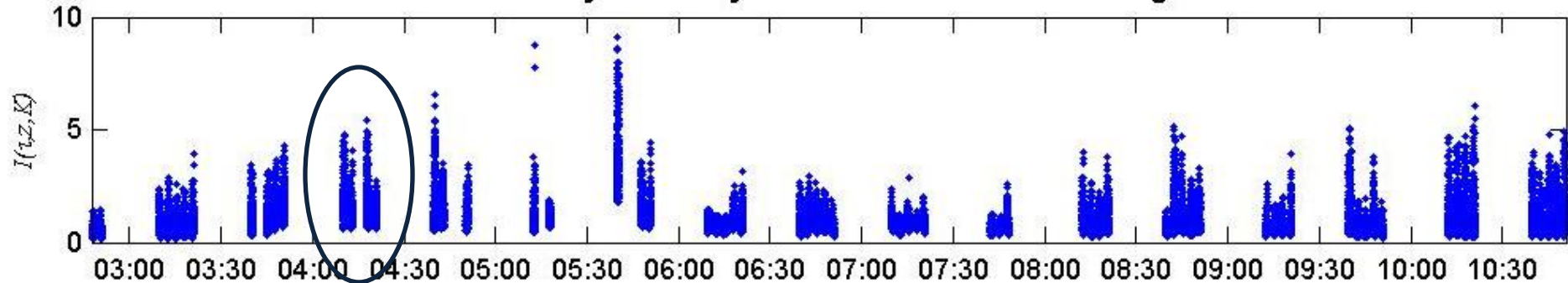


Mode-5 component, $f = 250$ Hz

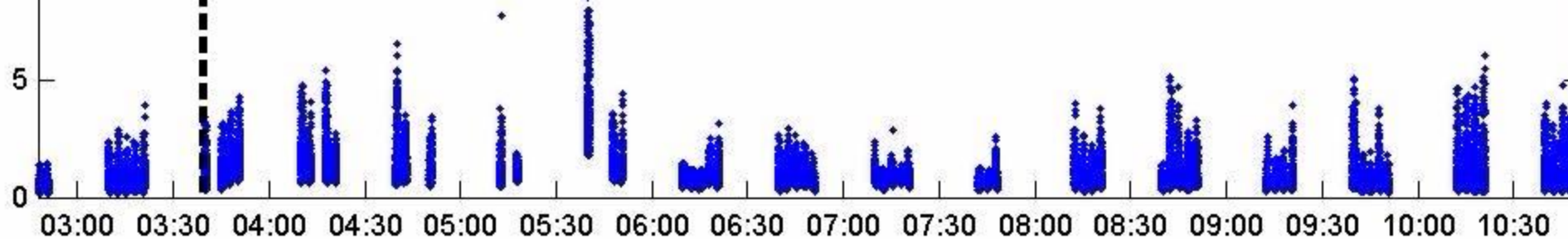


Refraction?

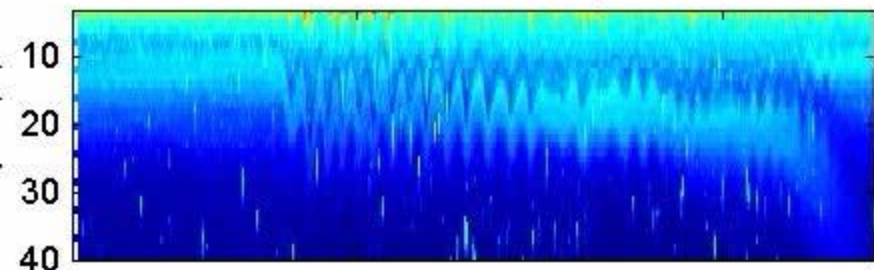
SHARK Array - Intensity "Point" Observations - 14 Aug 2006



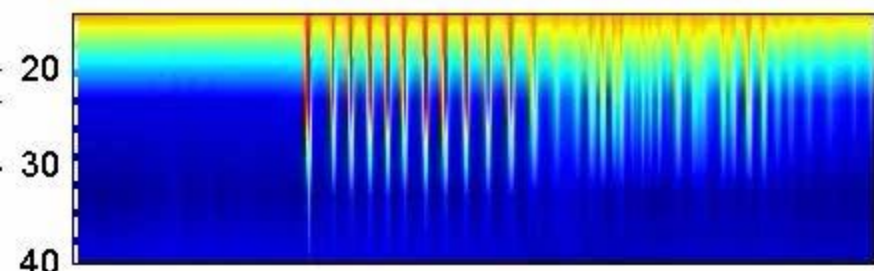
$$\theta_c \approx 13^\circ$$



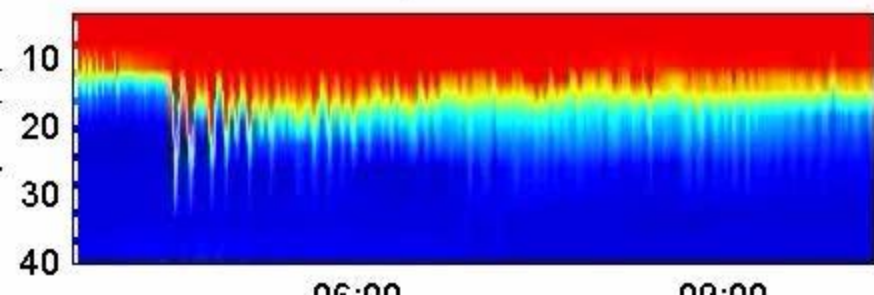
ADCP echo at ship



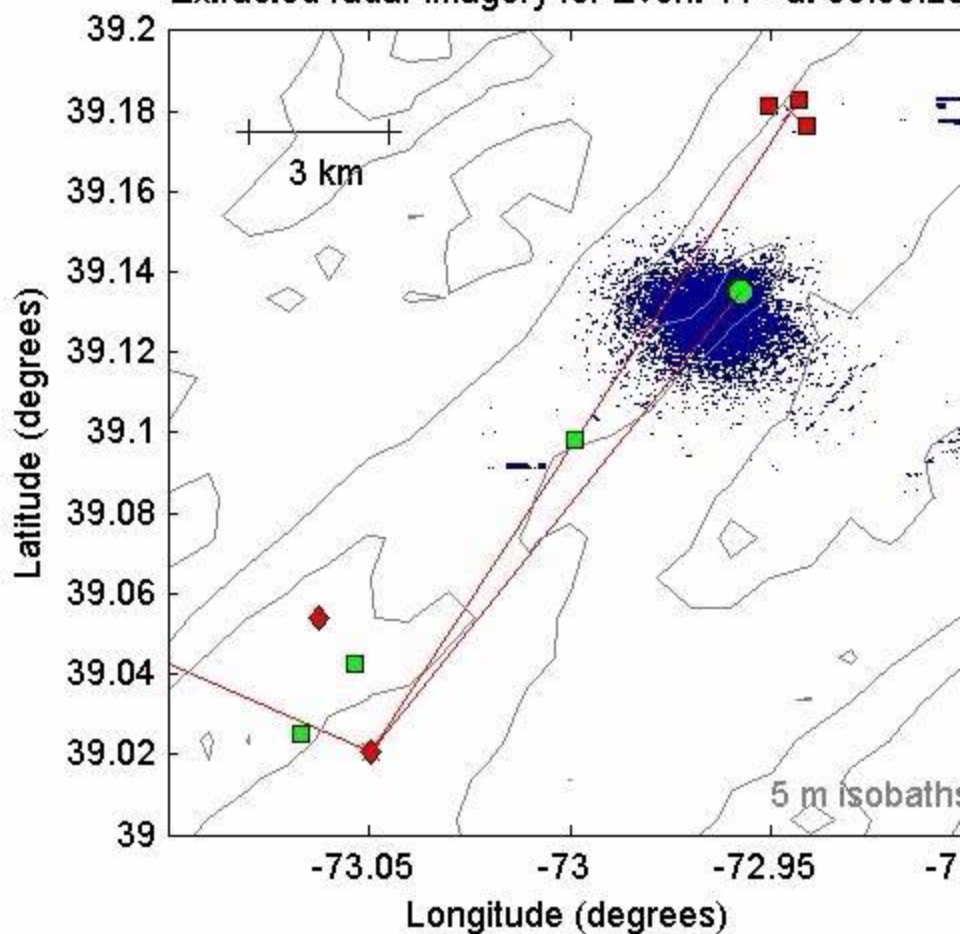
Soundspeed at Environmental Mooring SW32



Soundspeed at SHARK



Extracted radar imagery for Event 44 - at 03:39:26



- ×— Acoustic Transmission Paths
- SW06 Acoustic Sources
- ◆ SHRUs

It appears that there is intensification of the R/V Sharp's transmissions before and during Event 44

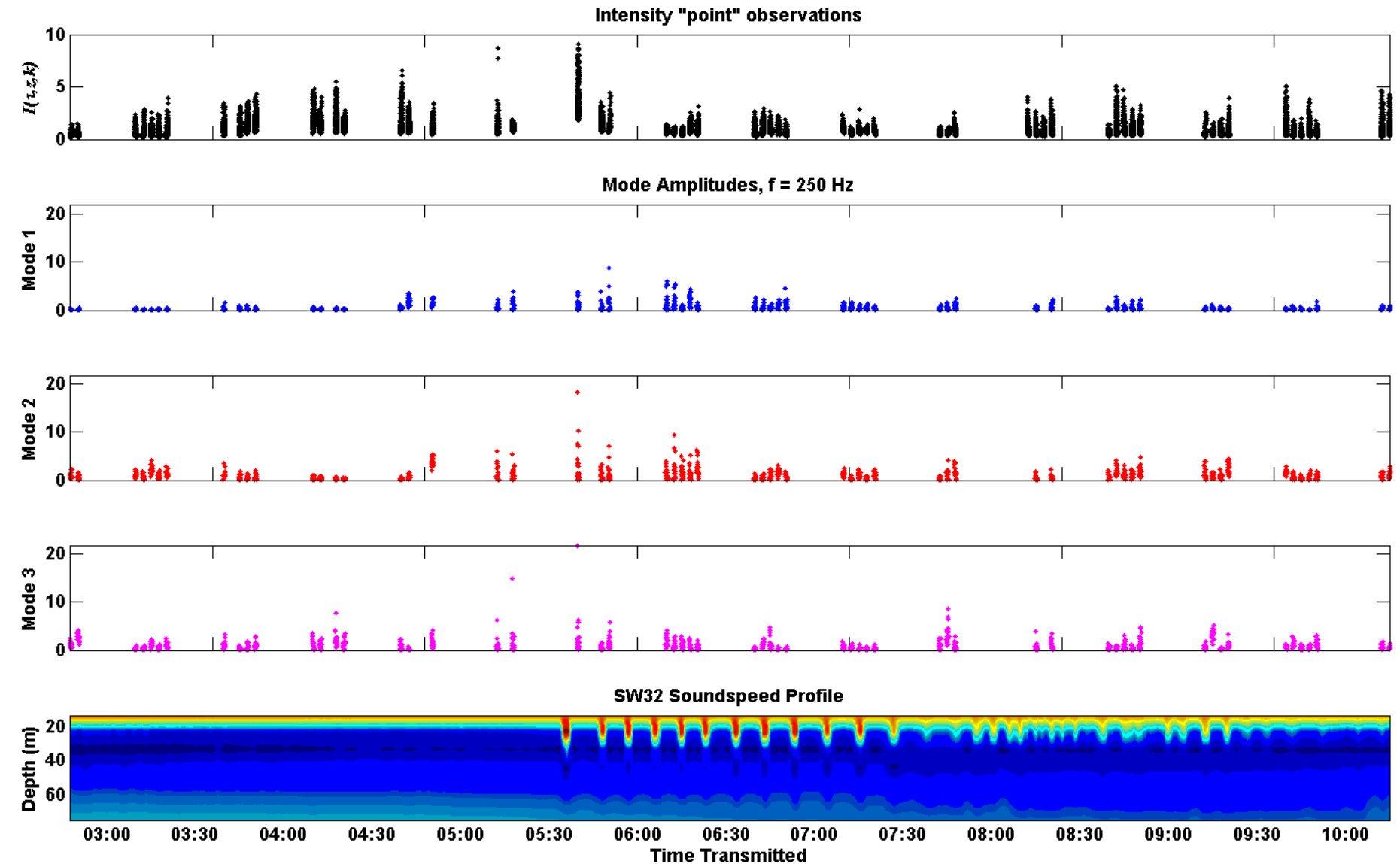
To Do:

- **Continue to characterize the intensity fluctuations**
 - Mathematically characterize distributions with PDFs
- **Better understand these fluctuations through modeling**
 - Try to adequately model the internal wave using ADCP, environmental moorings, and radar imagery
 - 3D PE modeling

Thank you

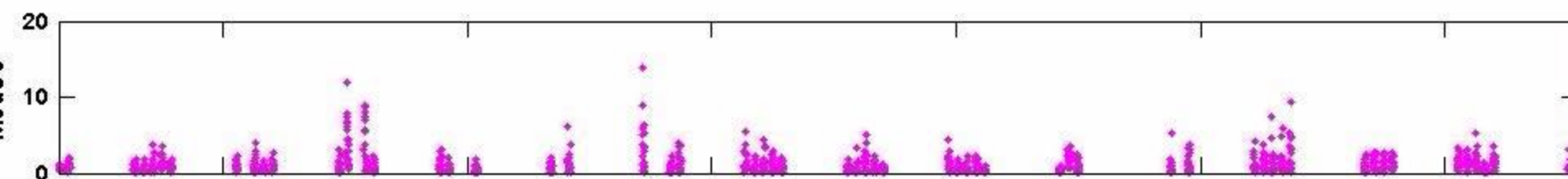
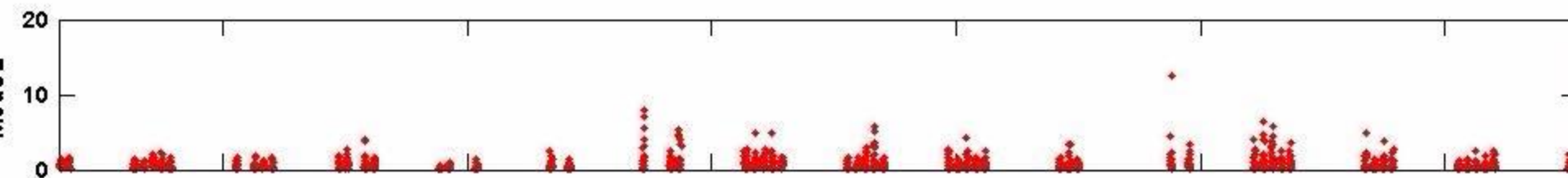
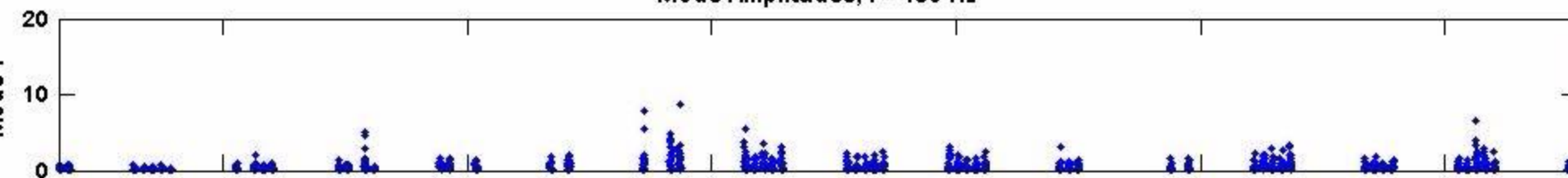


Modal fluctuations

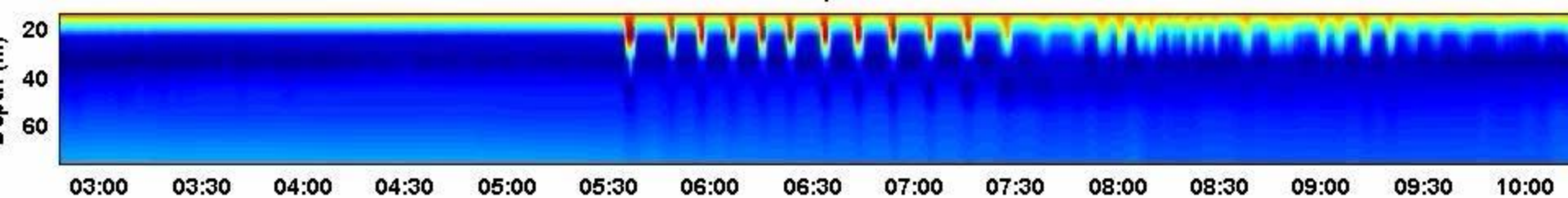




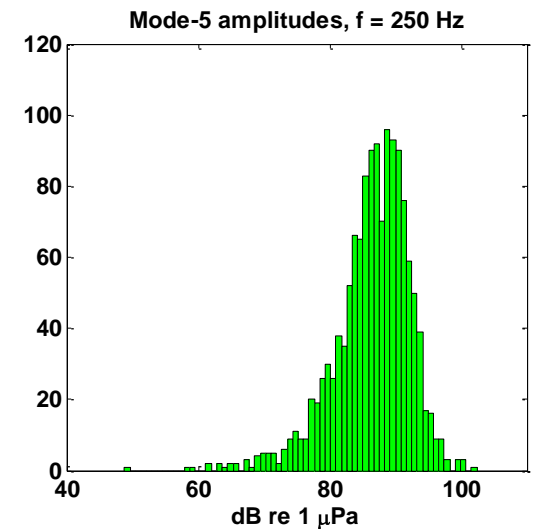
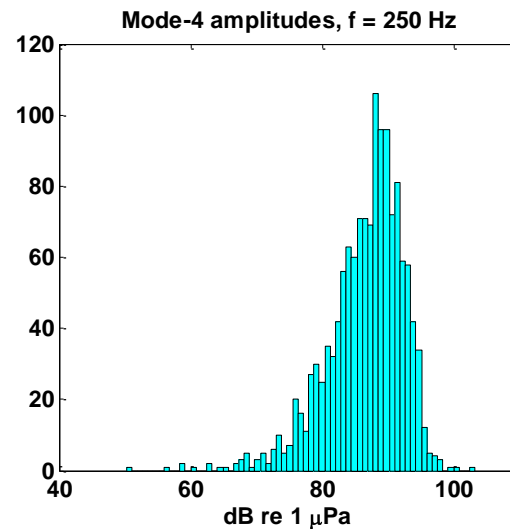
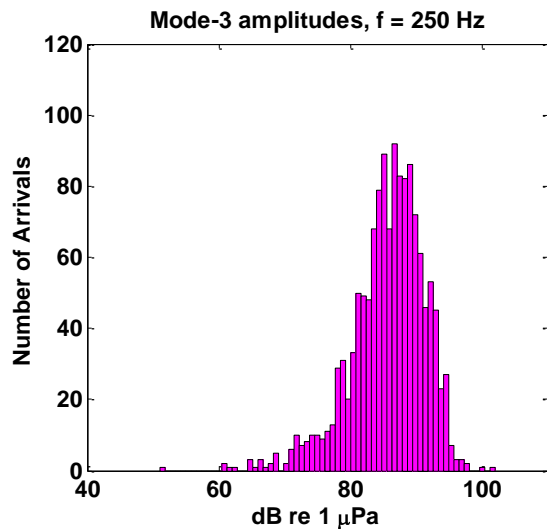
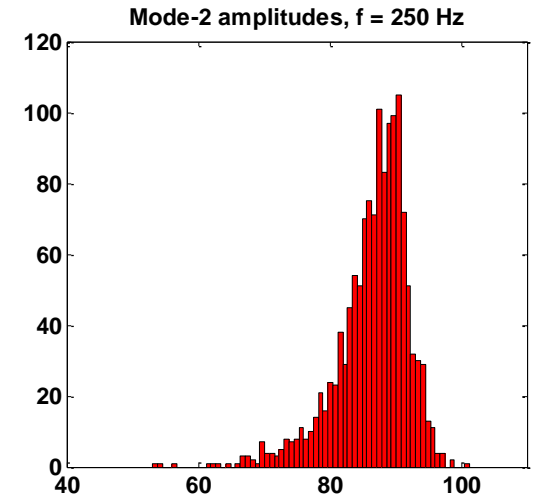
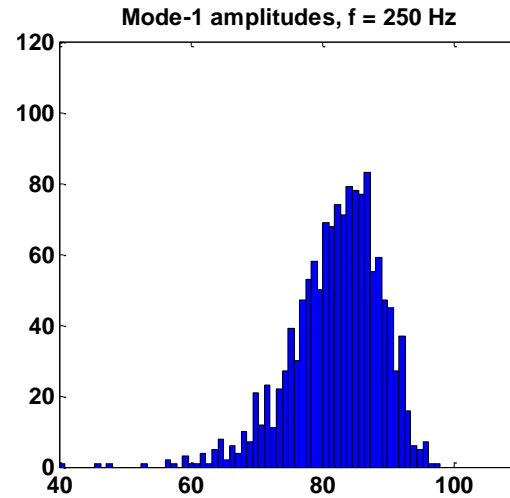
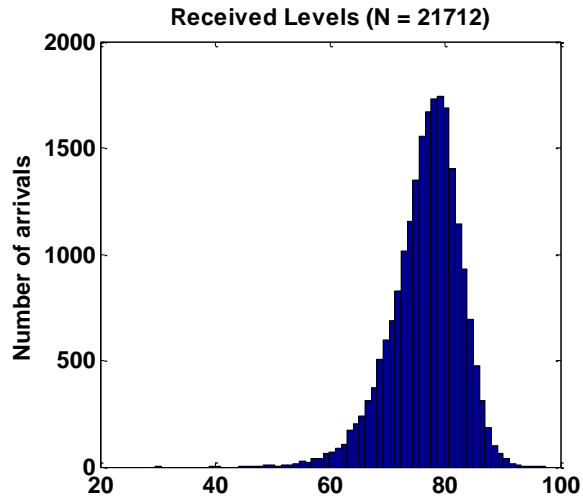
Mode Amplitudes, $f = 150$ Hz

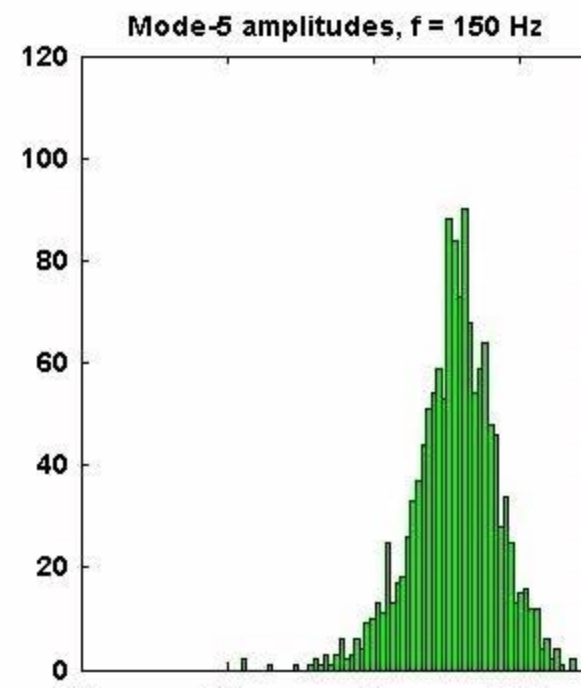
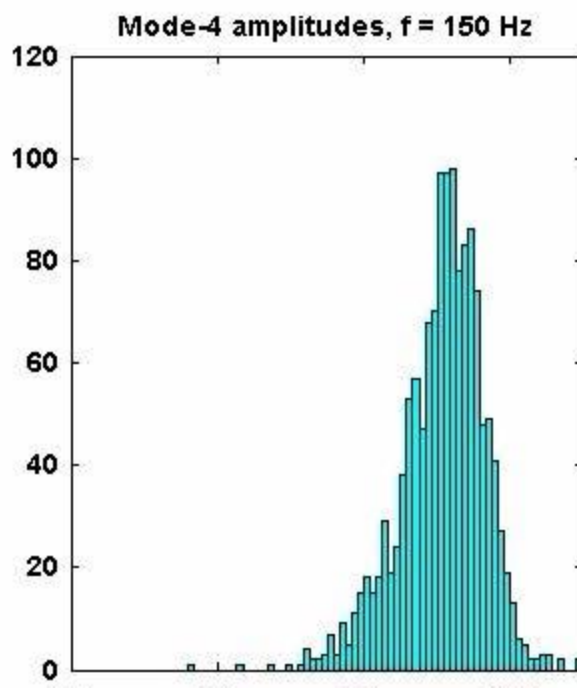
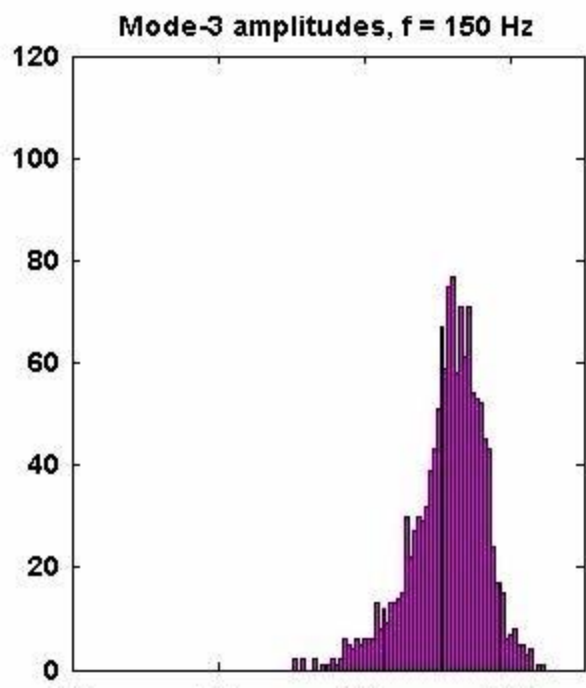
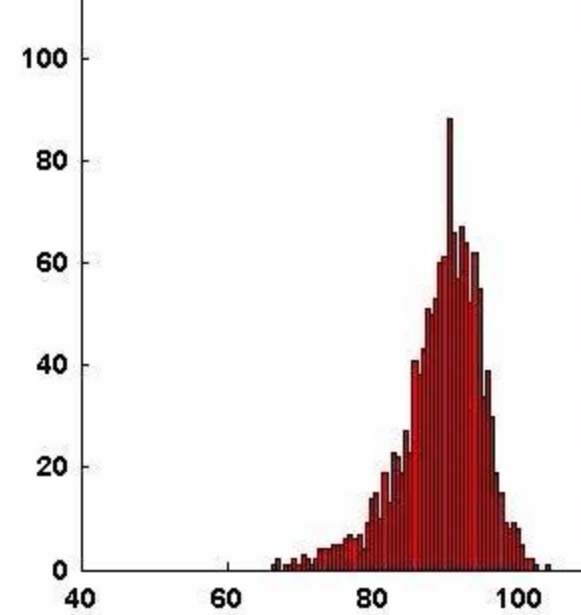
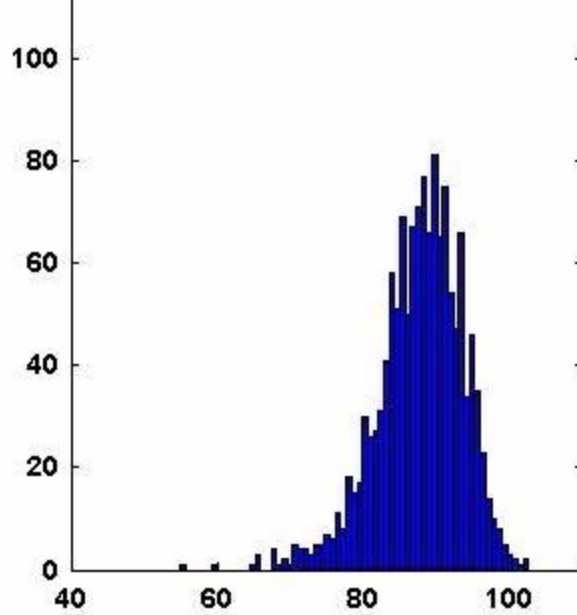
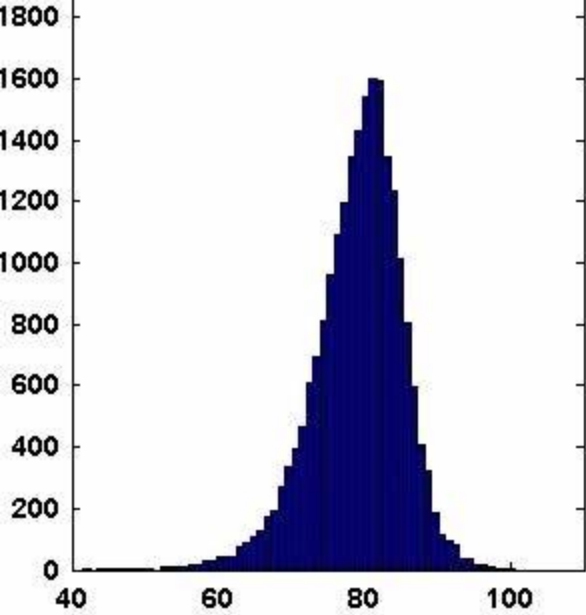


SW32 Soundspeed Profile



Modal fluctuations





Modal fluctuations

